or a weating, while .aveling lately ur sister State of Ala-

, by a hurried day's approached, began to could find comfortable night. . Every one anr. L's to be sure." As e old gentleman's house, "Hoilow," which soon . The rain was pour-Can I stay all night with you must, was the senhis eyes at the heavens ry moment. I was ushin the well chinked log g hickory fire awaited f neatness pervaded the been prepared for some white window and bed ited with sprigs of pine nicely sanded. Three ily furniture, in one of ated myself before my d by the entrance of a some forty-five or fifty nstantly presumed to be sion. She wore a flamjures as big as a saucer, ited with a profusion of ing to the centre of the stiff formal courtesy and ng room. Soon after a entered. He was a tall ipparently about twentysun-burnt countenance and good nature but now look of uncommon imporing tailed Jeans Coat with satinet vest, buttoned up as enclosed by a white a large bow, over which shirt collar of such ample nearly to his shoulders. twithstanding the season, strapped down or rather gs of deer skin to a coarse s exhibiting a goodly por: socks, completed his atgive him much satisfacthe middle of the room, ed me full in the face, across the floor about a g his body, and then dis-

rest. Turing carry the next morning to parsue my journey, I saw the bride, in her linsey dress, busy at the wheel, and, on going to the stable to see after my horse, I found the bridegroom currying him down in fine style. Loading my pockets with turkey, chicken and sweet cake, and refusing any compensation whatever, old Mr. L. wished me a pleasant ride, and I left him and his worthy family, delighted with the simple and primitive manners of a portion of the population of the good State of Alabama.

REV. S. R. DAVIDSON.

For the Guard. Mr. EDITOR: I send you for publication the acquital of the Rev. S. R. DAVIDSON, by the authorities of the M. E. Church, of a disgraceful charge. As romor, with her thousand tongues, has not been idle in an attempt to destroy the fair and hitherto unblemished character of Mr. Davidson, I deem it but justice to himself and numerous friends, that this acquittal be published in this place, as many of our citizens may have heard the charge, without knowing of his trial and acquittal.

A SUBSCRIBER.

From the South-Western Christian Advocate The Committee appointed to examine the charge against the Rev. Sam'l R. Davidson, which was preferred by Elizabeth McCauley, met, according to previous appointment, at Pott's Meeting House, in Salem circuit, on the 28th day of Nov., 1841. The following reverend gentlemen, members of said Committee, were present: viz, Wm. McMahon, P. E., R. H, Jones, Benj. Watson, L. D. Mülling, Elisha J. Dodson, and Wm. N. Morgan. The accuser and accused were brought face to face. The charge, specifications, and testimony, were all examined carefully, and with great deliberation, the Committee spending nearly four hours in the investigation of the subject, the result of which was, that the Rev. S. R. Davidson was not guilty of the charge preferred against him by Elizabeth McCauly. He was therefore unanimously acquitted.

Given under our hands, this 20th day of Nov., 1841,

(Signed.)

WM. McMahon, P. E. R. H. Jones, L. D. MULLINS, ELISHA DODSON, WM. N. MORGAN, "

Benj. Warson, Elder, Sec.

THE ETTRICK SHEPPERD'S EARLY LIFE. Whe we consider that Hogg was taken from school at so early an age as to have acquire for himself at a subsequent period the art of writing, and almost the very elements of reading, by his own unassisted efforts, our admiration increases with the almost insurmountable difficulties under which he labored, in contemplating his final success. Family jars for times drove him from his home, and threw on of the old lady. What him for a time on his own resources when he I, and as old Mr. L. en- was only seven years old. All the advantaear making the inquiry. ges which he ever derived from schools such Swords that crossed the highland hill, In the Revolution's morn!

With her ensign floating free, Spite her battle form and tides— On the margin of the sea, Sits the dark old Ironsides! Sentinels their vigils keep. Where thy usval heroes bled; Cannons in their port-holes sleep, O'er thy unforgotten dead.

Mighty ones who trod her deck,
When thy banner sank with shame,
O'er a sad and bloody wreck,
Live to battle in her name! High their glorious pendants wave, Beautiful amid a host! Come, and find an easy grave— Come, they'll teach thee how to boast.

God of battles! bare thy hand!
Let thy red winged co-horts fly!
Liberty maintains her stand,
In the apple of thine eyek
In her train thy servants kneel—
Underneath thy Cross, theg form;
Guide them in the battle's wheel—
Save them, in the dreadful storm!

REMARKS OF MR. THOMPSON, OF MIS! SISSIPPI, ON THE TREASURY NOTE BILL.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi said that it was not his anticipation during the course of the debate to have said one word on the subject before the House; but some remarks which had been made this morning rendered it imperative

on him to take part in the discussion.

It appeared from the statements of the Secretary of the Treasury, which had been exhibited to them by the Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, that the Treasury was empty and the Government was without means to carry on its ordinary operations; and that, in consequence of the impossibility of negotiating a loan in time to meet the engagements of the Treasury, a resort to Treasury notes had be-come indispensably necessary. Or two former Mr. THOM occasions, he had voted for the issue of Treasury notes, inasmuch as he preferred that mode of supplying the wants of the Government, to a loan; but he regretted now to say to the committee, that he should vote against this bill, and would briefly state his reasons for having come to that conclusion. In the first place, should these Treasury notes be issued, they would necessarily depreciate in the markef. Already they had authorized a loan of twelve millions, been asserted which the Government had been unable to negodiate. Had they not been told that these bonds had been hawked about in the market, and offer, ed in every broker's shop in the city of New York and Boston, without commanding a dollar? Had they not been told by the great brokers of New York (Prime, Ward and King) that unless the interest on the loan was increased to seven per cent. the stock could not be taken in the American market? Since then the Committee of Ways and Means had reported a bill for an additional heart for continuous motions the market. additional loan of five millions, making the whole loan seventeen millions, to which, if these Treasury notes of five millions were to be added, the public deht would be swelled up twenty-two pledged, which created be taken; the issue of Treasury notes should be undertook cease; but when would that loan be taken? He was to that fi had no idea that any one expected that it would be negotiated before the power of issuing Treas-be negotiated before the power of issuing Treas-so, he would be and show

SLUCKS UI LIIG DI try because so their debts, and the want of me mont [Mr Evi this as the rea ment was dep said, that some their engagen was cause for stockholder: bu States, which h without provid The gentlemr INGERSOLL] in ultingly stated had, by a unar its debts. He for if the rich nia was to rep contracted, she disgraced dish to refuse the p sidered the vot and uncalled no suspicion of that vote alone cion.

But the gent ETT] said that decided effect stood the gent to the State h sent; and wha Mississippi, too she had contra most farthing; she had not co put herself on not be sued at determine who

The Chairn

what had beer represented, v debts the cred depreciated, s ble to raise me ury notes. I ever refused knew that it h try that she he given to the which had bee bonds, two n body in the S credit of the S though from t had been crea contracted, ha unable to rest Nobody howe these two mi were: bonds f consent of the constitution, f